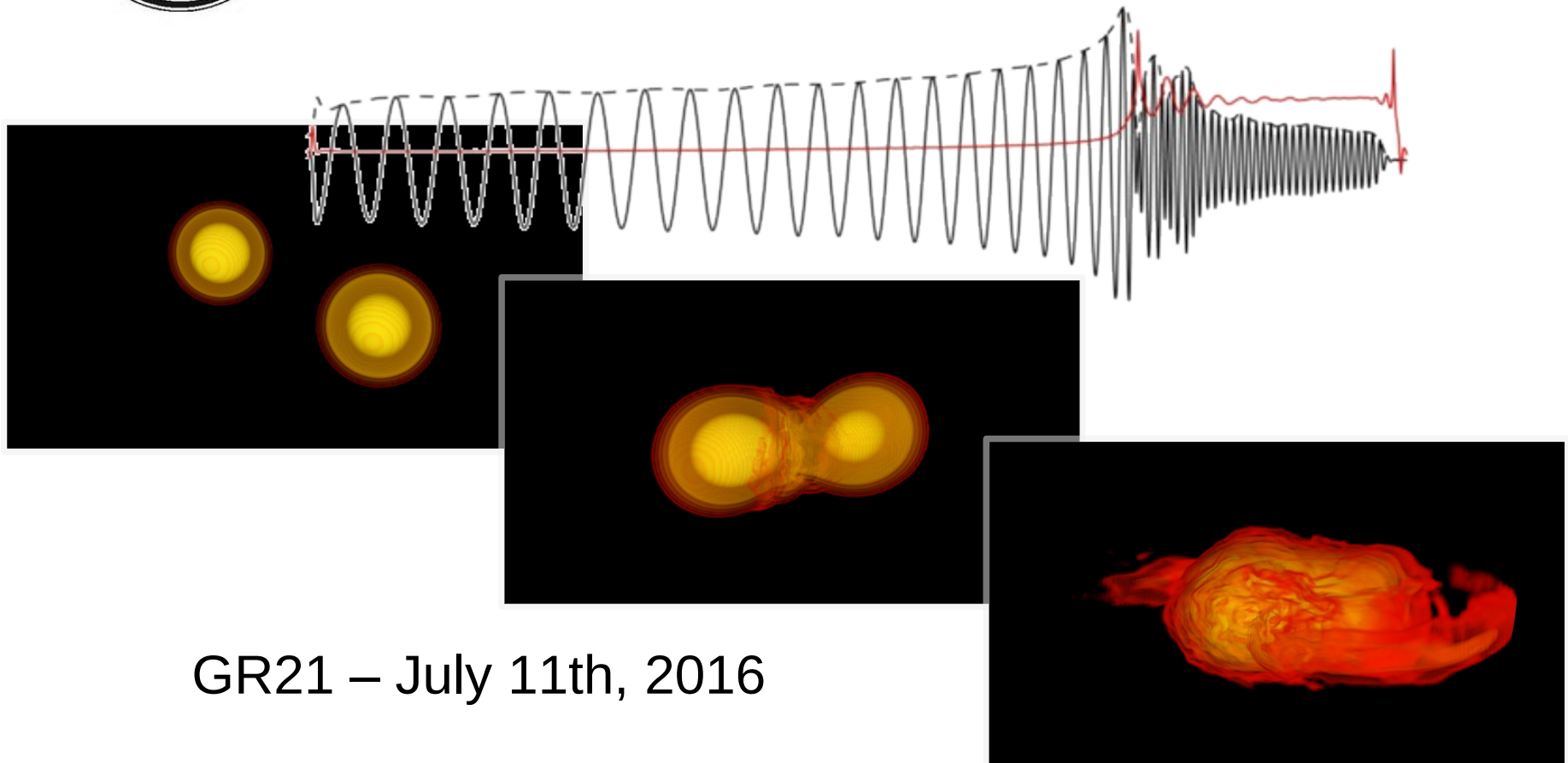


# How loud are neutron star mergers in the gravitational-wave window?



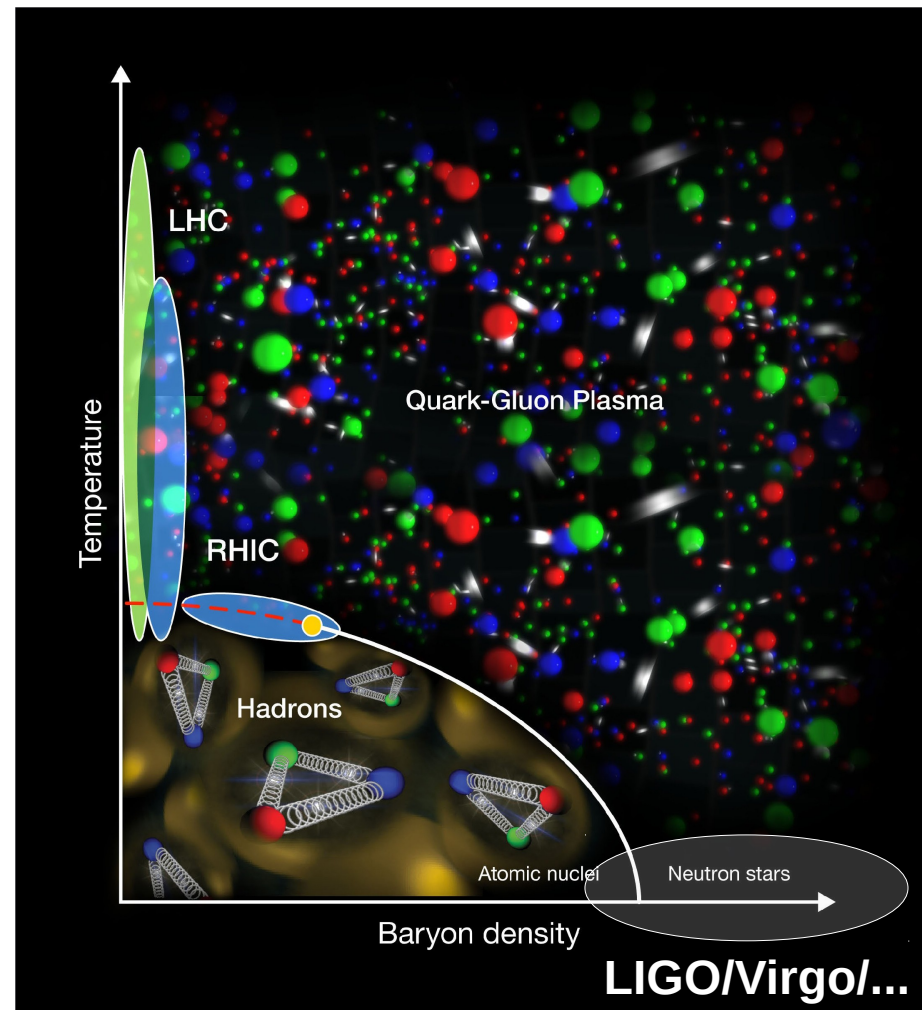
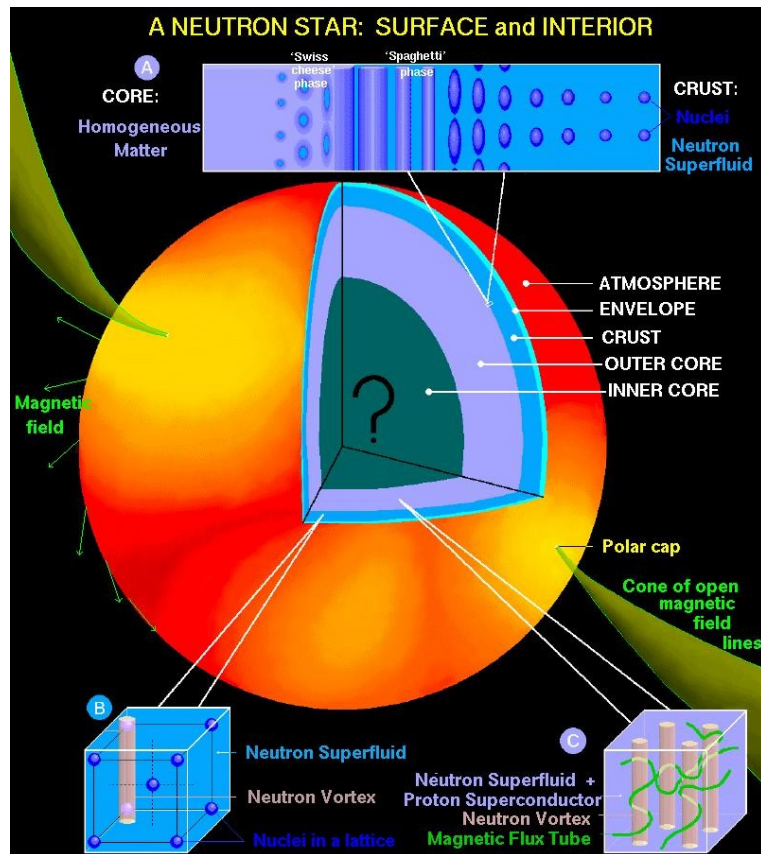
S. Bernuzzi\* (Parma U & INFN)

\* *Rita Levi Montalcini excellence fellow*



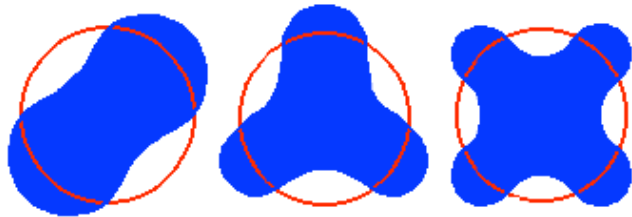
GR21 – July 11th, 2016

# Neutron star matter, binaries, and GWs



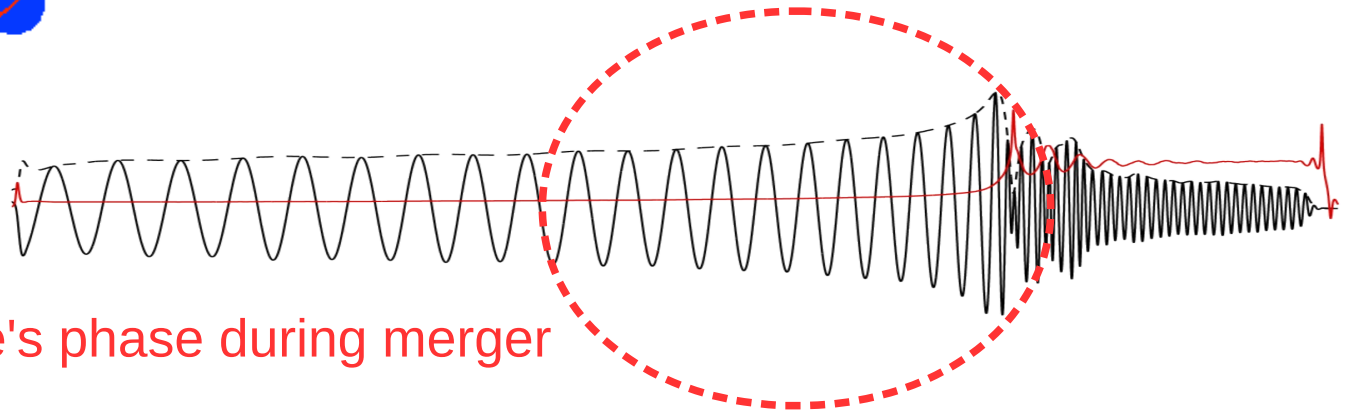
Binary neutron star mergers

# GW observation of tidal effects tells us about the neutron star matter

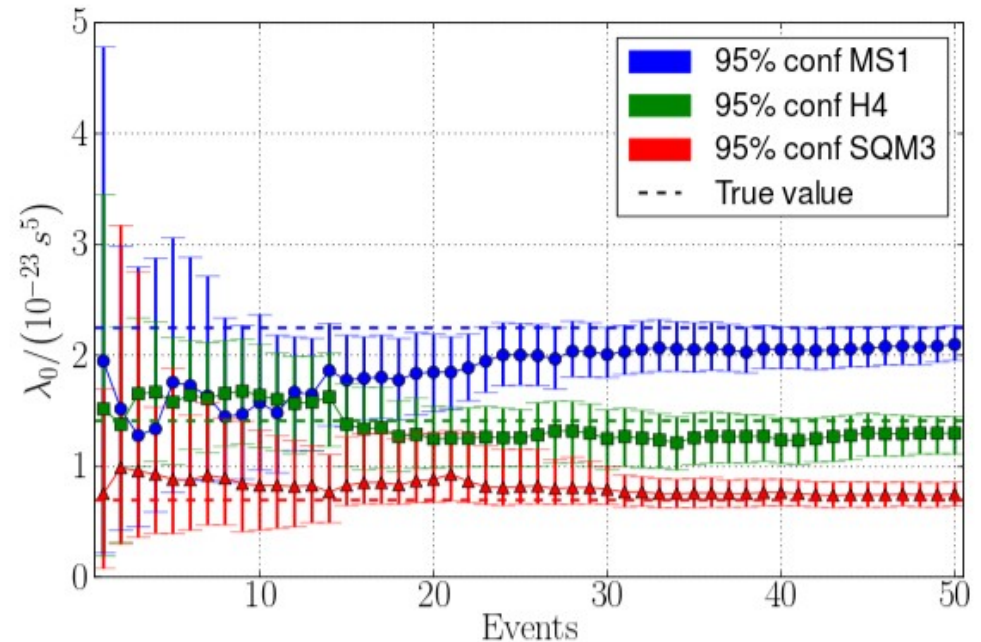
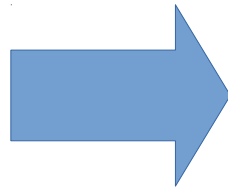


Tides depend crucially on EOS

$$\lambda_2 \propto \frac{Q_{ij}}{\partial_{ij} \Phi_{ext}}$$



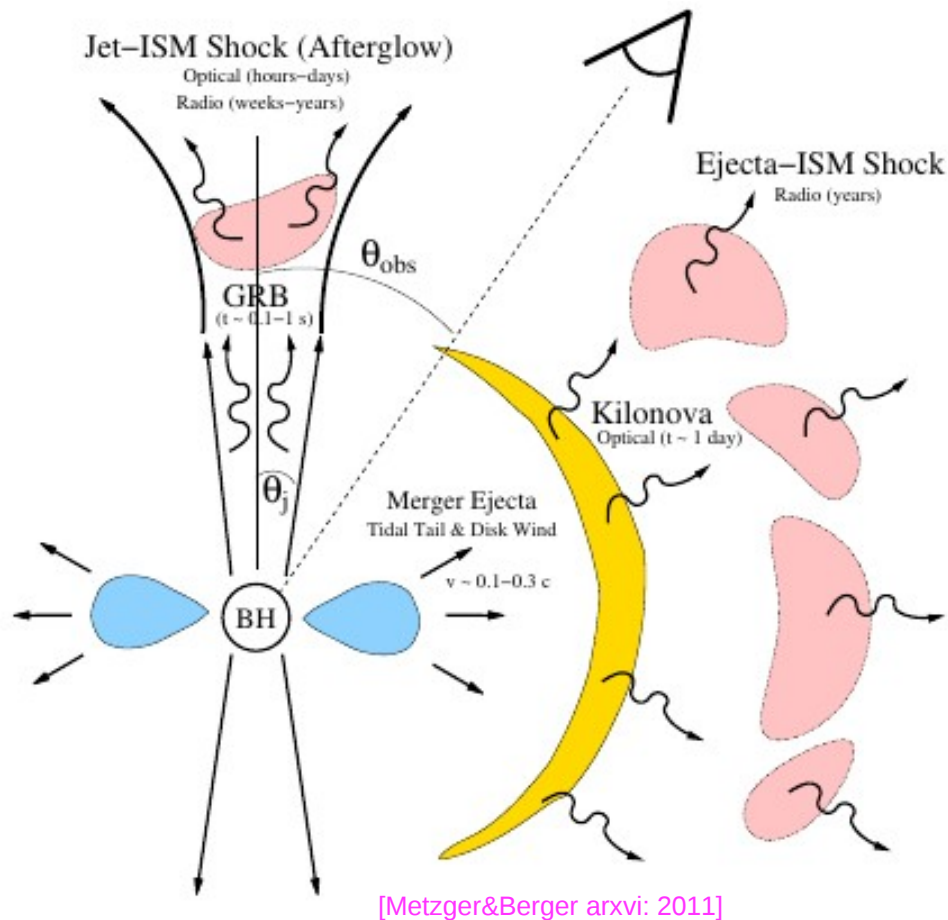
Tides determine the wave's phase during merger



e.g. [Del Pozzo+ arXiv:1307.8338, Lackey&Wade arXiv:1410.8866, Agathos+ arXiv:1503.05405]

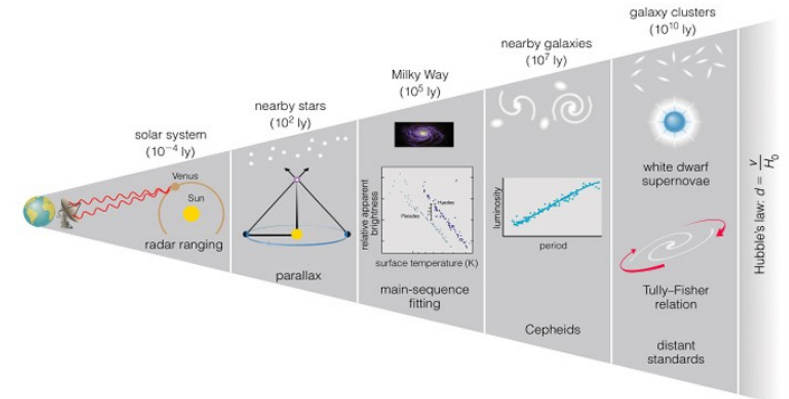


# Multimessenger astrophysics and cosmography



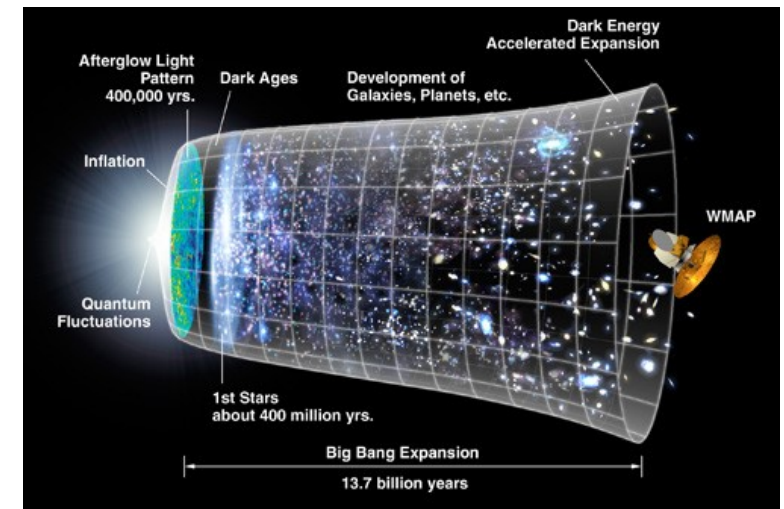
## EM counterparts “identification”

- Branchesi, Shibata talks
- Ciolfi, Liebling B2 talks
- B1 Session

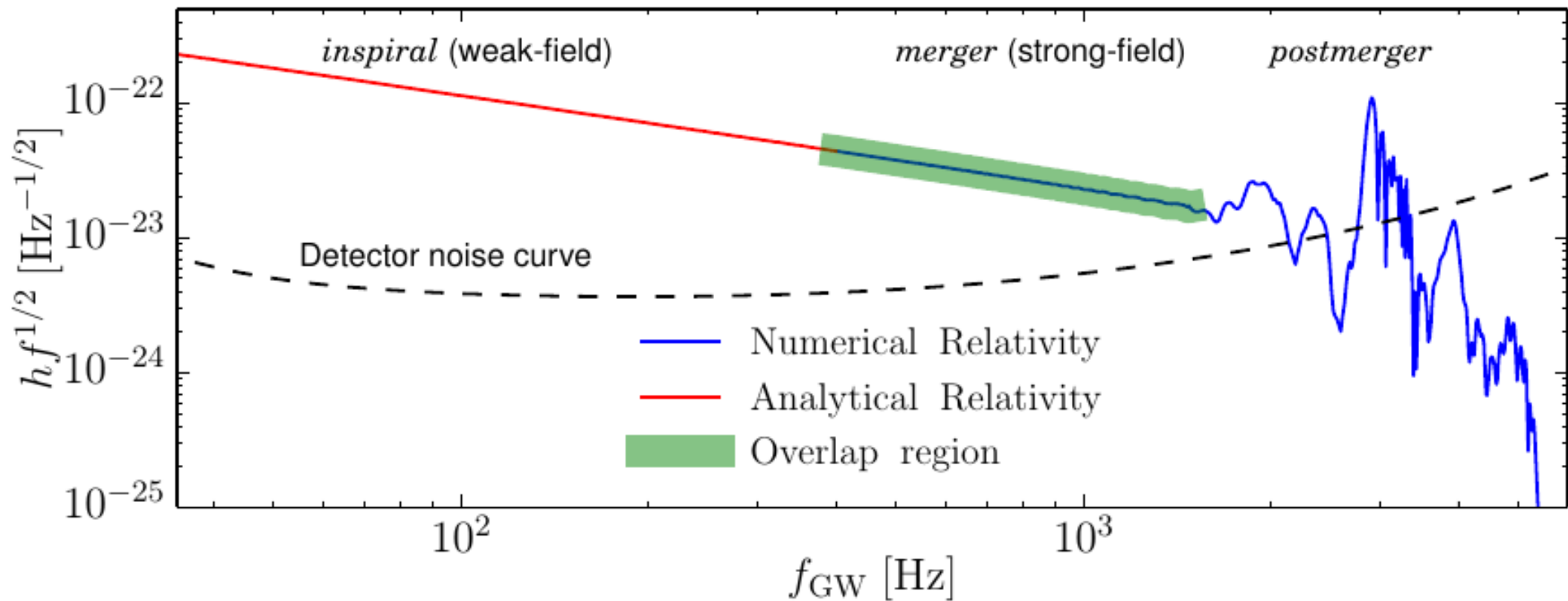


## Cosmography, *Standard sirens*

[Schutz 1986, Messenger&Read arXiv:1107.5725]

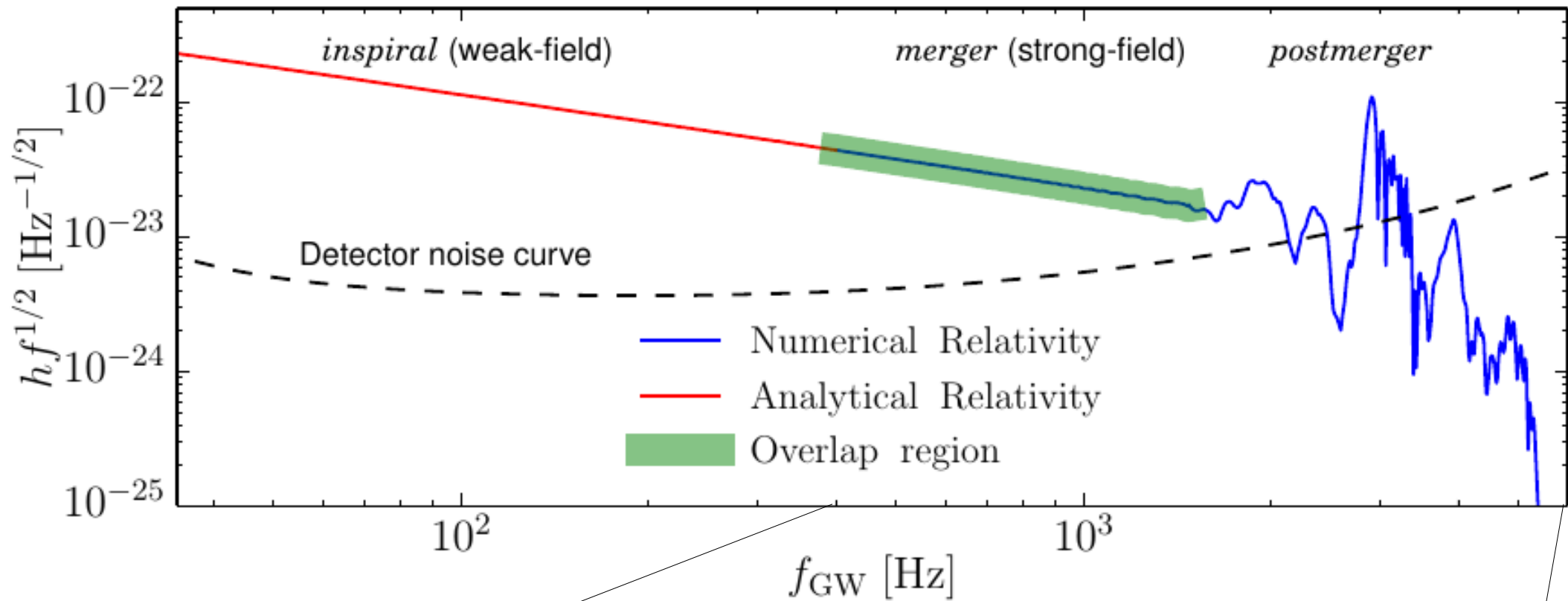


# GW observations require detailed signal models

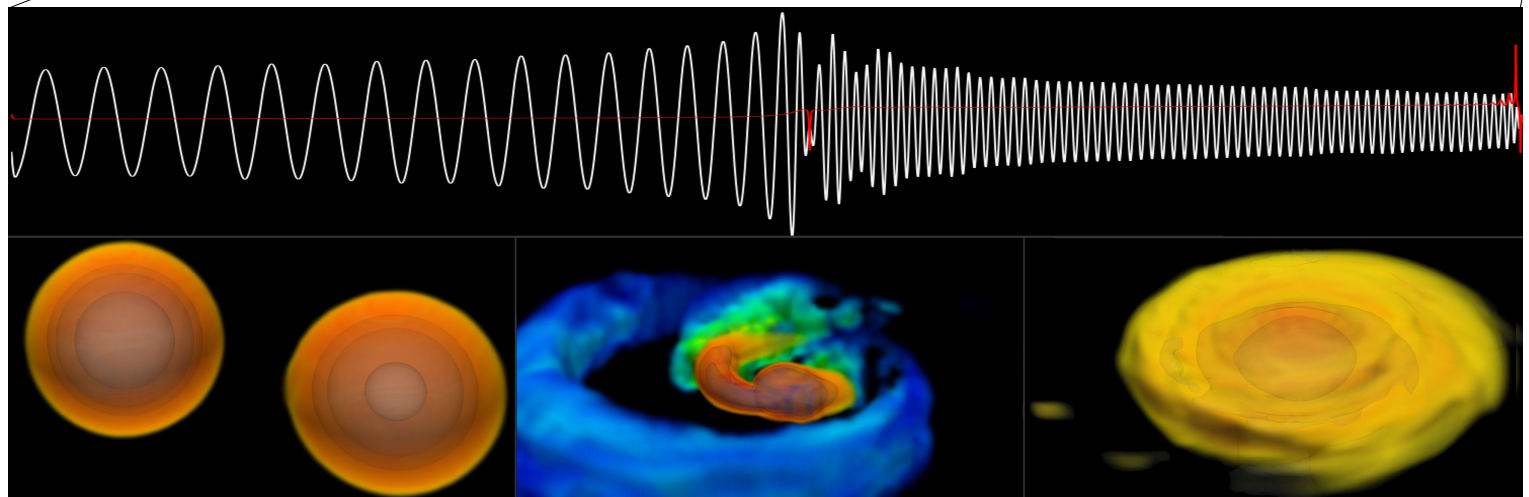


- GW energy, angular momentum, frequency
- Amplitude & phase GW “broad-band” model
- Binary parameter space: masses + spins + EOS

# GW observations require detailed signal models

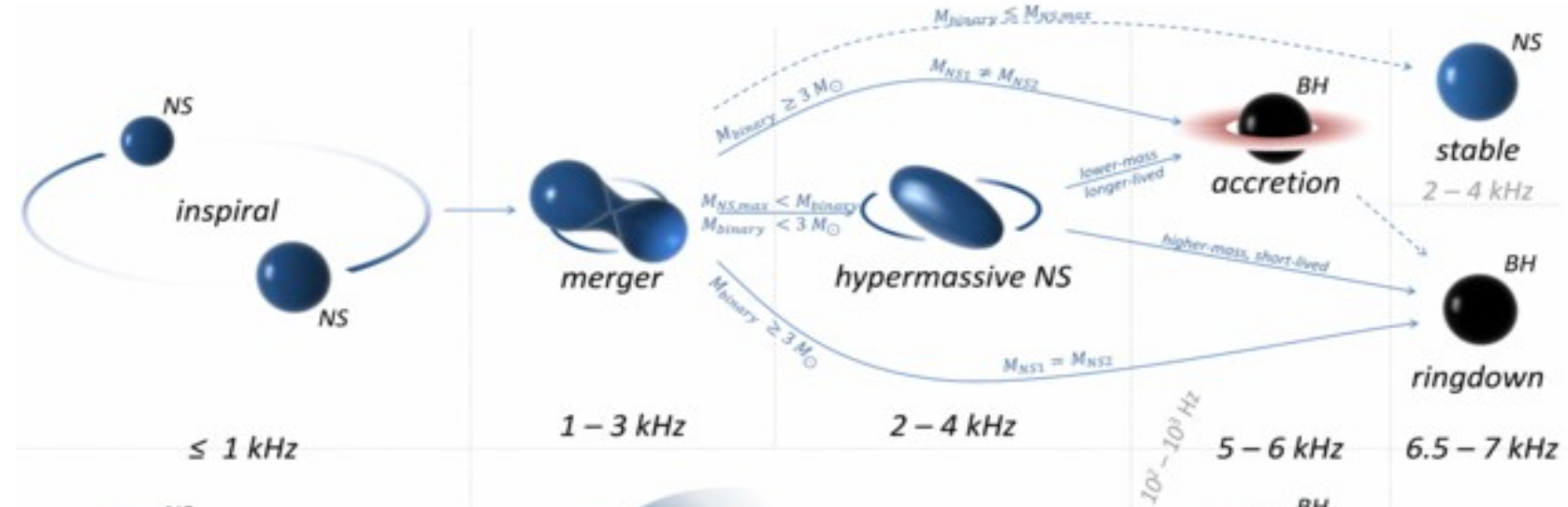


NR simulation

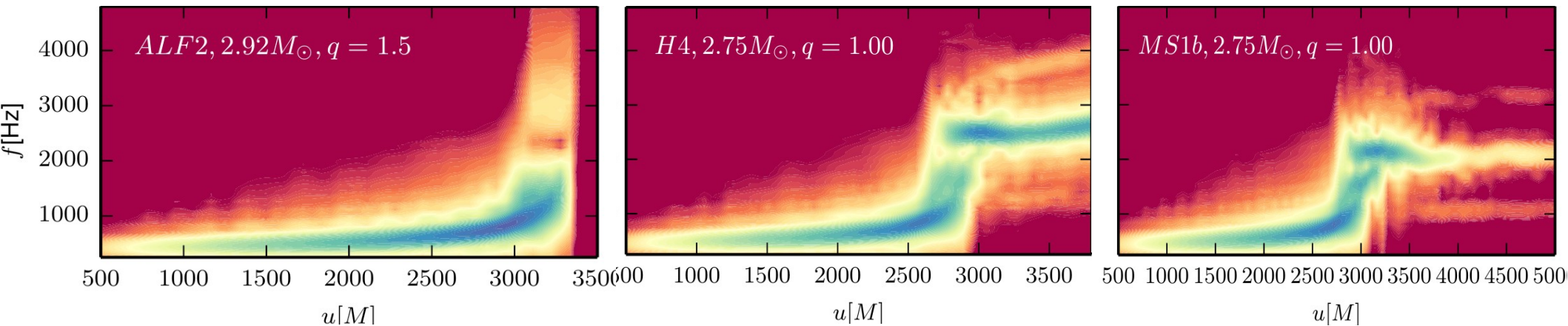


# Broad features of merger well understood ...

Figure 1 from I Bartos et al 2013 Class. Quantum Grav. 30 123001

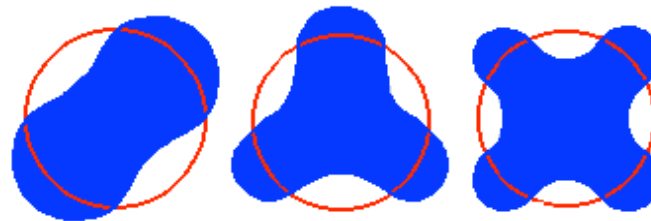
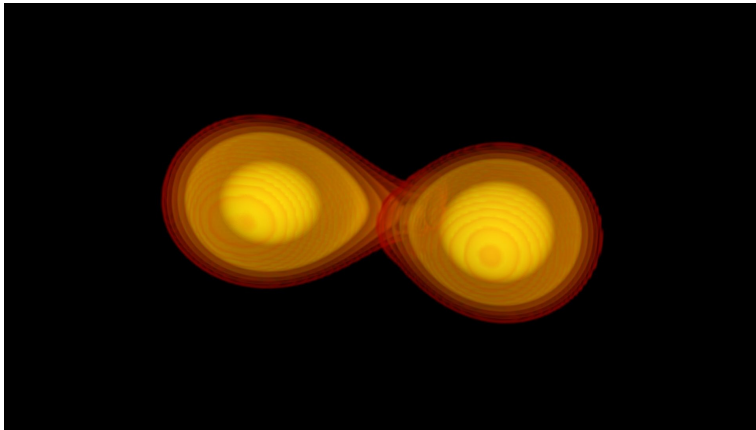


GW spectrograms [Dietrich+ (To appear)]



... detailed complete GW models still challenging

# Relativistic Tides



$$\lambda_2 \propto \frac{Q_{ij}}{\partial_{ij} \Phi_{ext}}$$

Love number  
(electric-type)

[Hinderer arXiv:0711.2420, Damour&Nagar arXiv:0906.0096, Binnington&Poisson arXiv:0906.1366]

$$H_{\text{EOB}} \approx Mc^2 + \frac{\mu}{2} (\mathbf{p}^2 + A(r) - 1)$$

$$A(r) = 1 - 2/r - \kappa_2^T(\lambda_2)/r^6$$

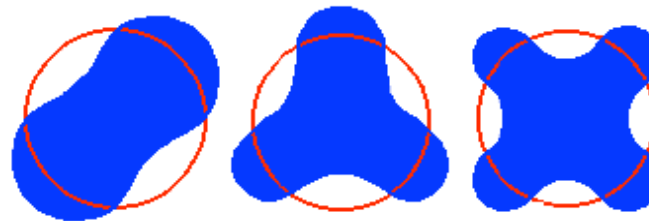
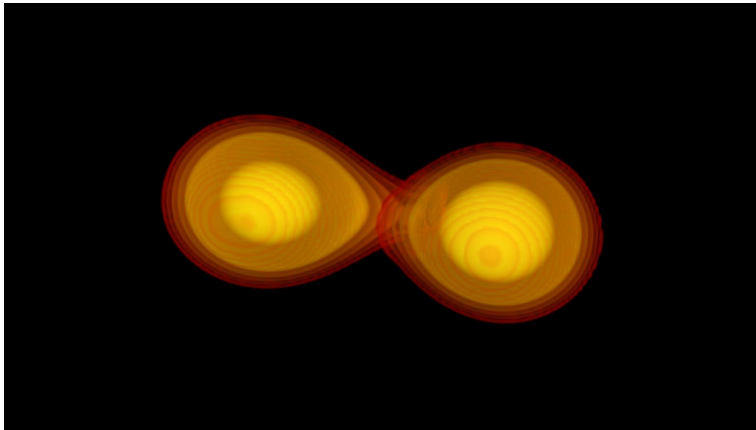
Tidal contribution to post-Newtonian dynamics and waveform

$$h \sim A f^{-7/6} e^{-i\Psi(f)} \approx A f^{-7/6} e^{-i\Psi_{PP}(f) + i39/4 \kappa_2^T x(f)^{5/2}}$$

[DamourSoffelXu 1992, Flanagan&Hinderer arXiv:0709.1915, Damour&Nagar arXiv:0911.5041, ... ]



# Relativistic Tides



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Tidal contribution to post-Newtonian dynamics and waveform

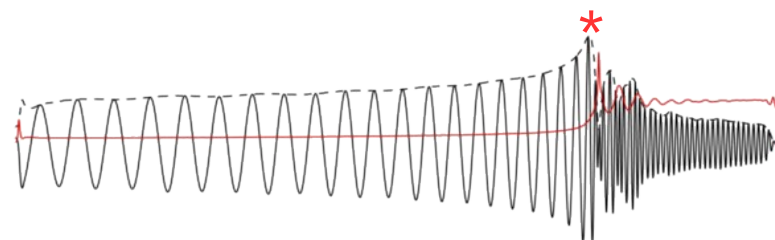
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[DamourSoffelXu 1992, Flanagan&Hinderer arXiv:0709.1915, Damour&Nagar arXiv:0911.5041, ... ]

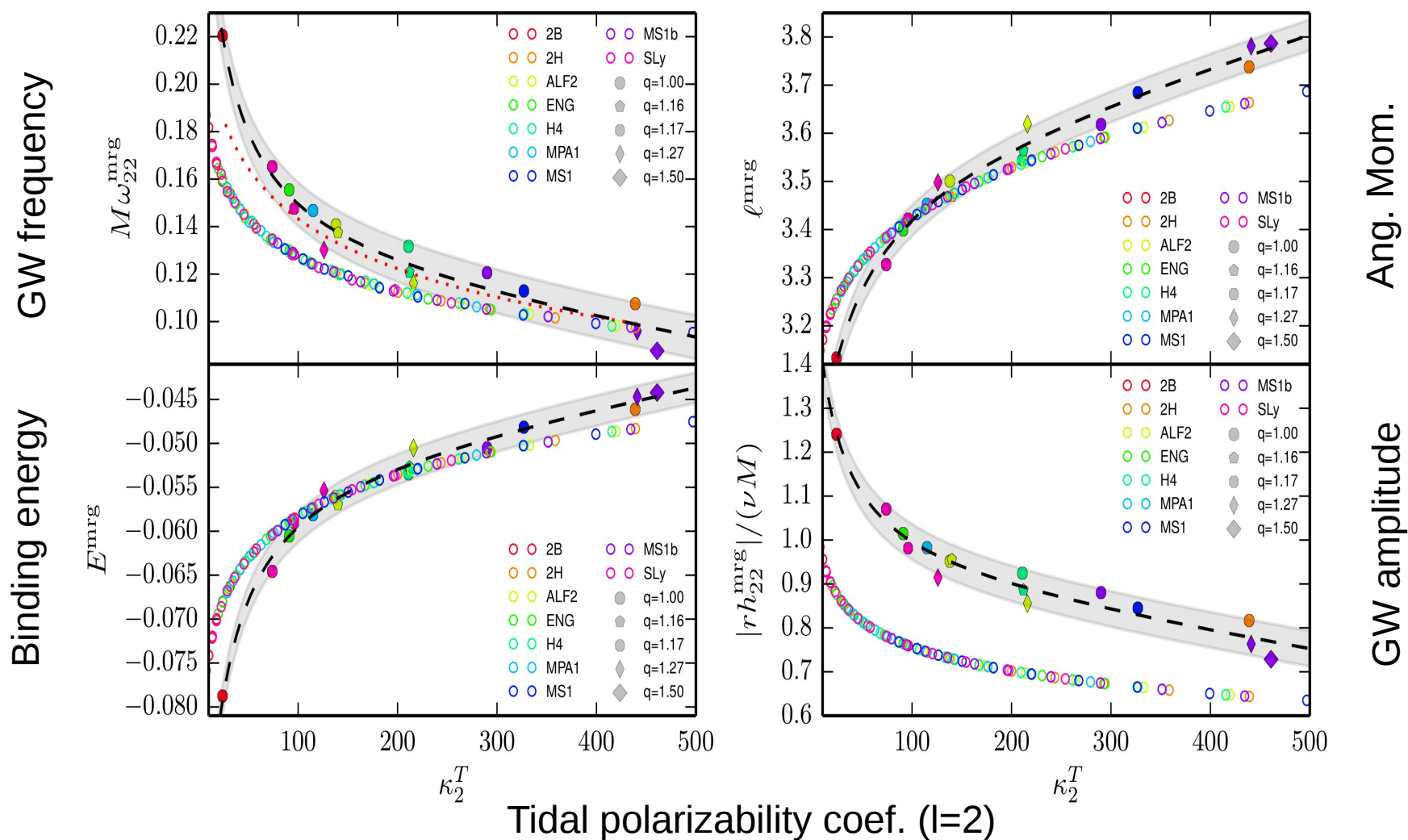
# Parametrizing the BNS merger dynamics

“Universality of merger dynamics”

[SB,Nagar,Balmelli,Dietrich,Ujevic arxiv:1402.6244]



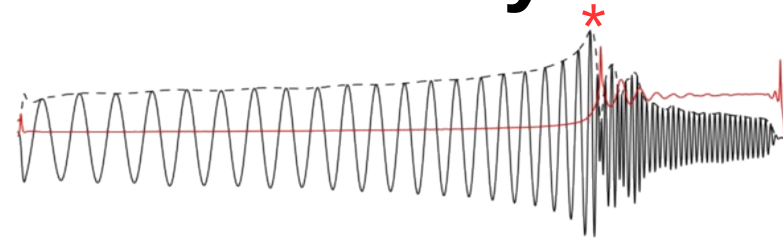
end of chirp signal



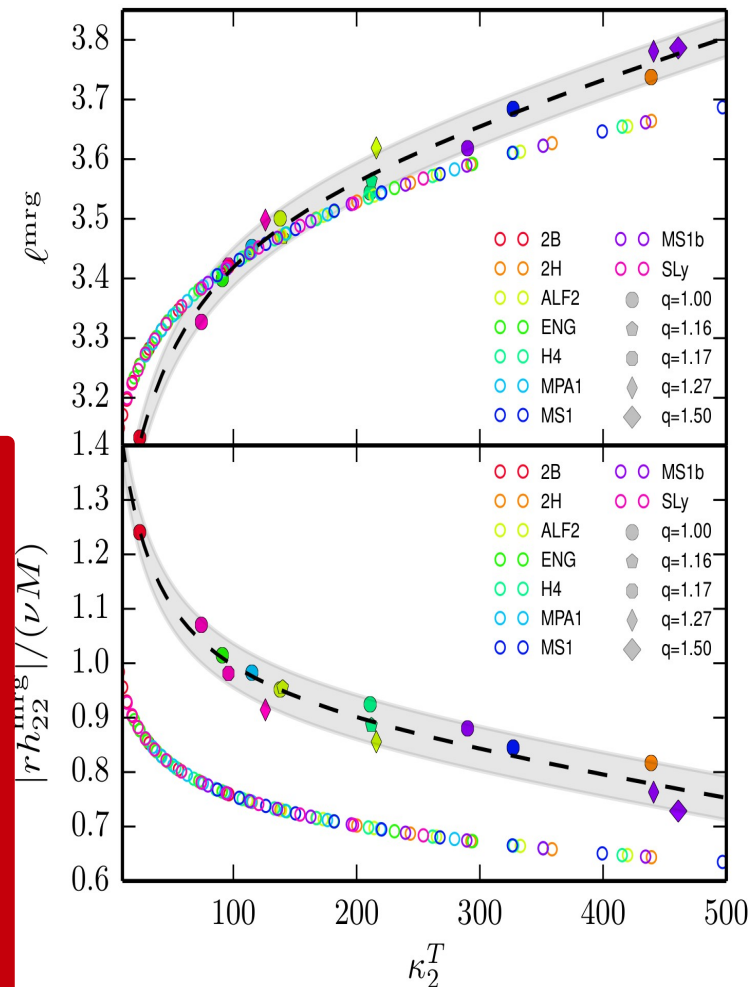
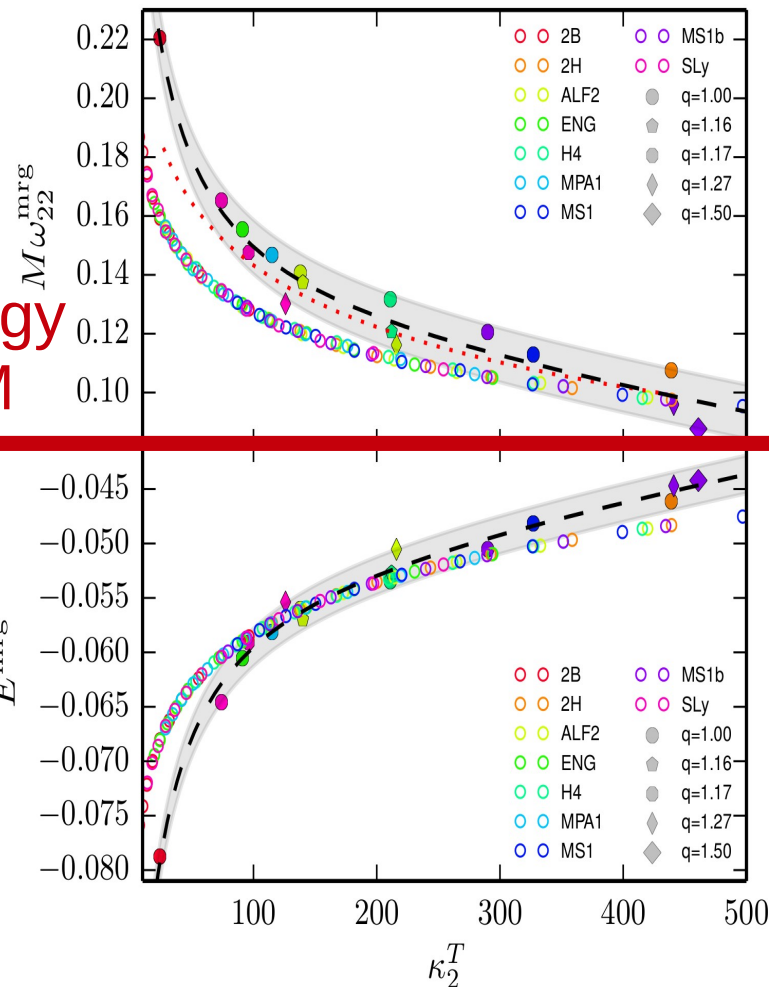
# Energy emitted in GW “up to merger” for any irrotational binary

“Universality of merger dynamics”

[SB+ arxiv:1402.6244]



end of chirp signal

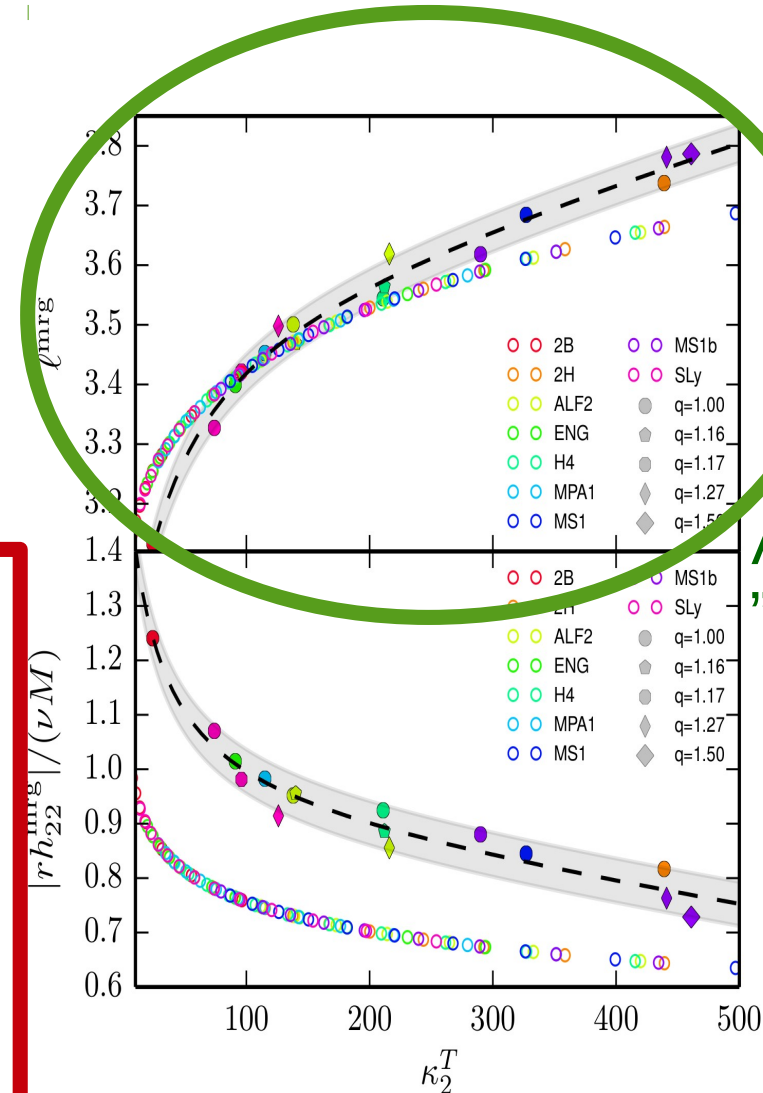
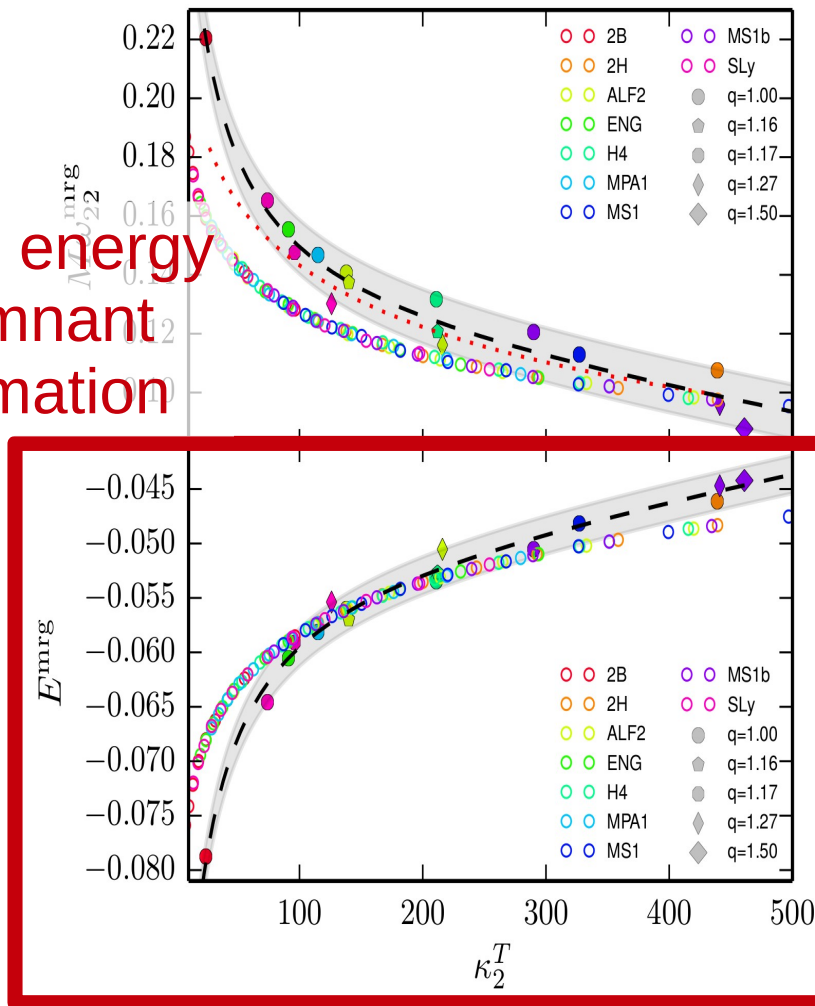


# Merger remnant and outcome

“Universality of merger dynamics”

[SB+ arxiv:1402.6244]

Binding energy  
of remnant  
at formation



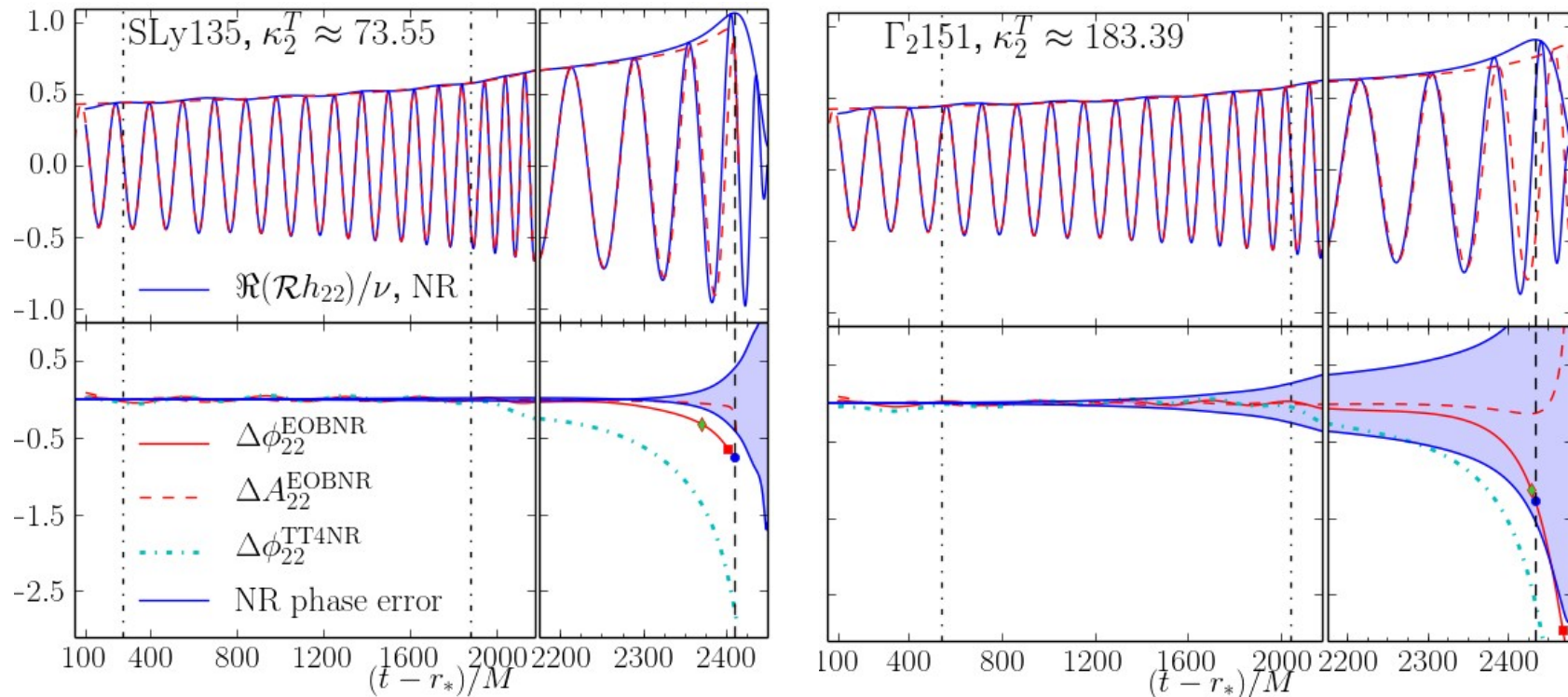
Ang.Mom.  
“available”



# TEOBResum:

## Model of dynamics and GWs up to merger

[SB,Nagar,Dietrich,Damour arXiv:1412.4553]

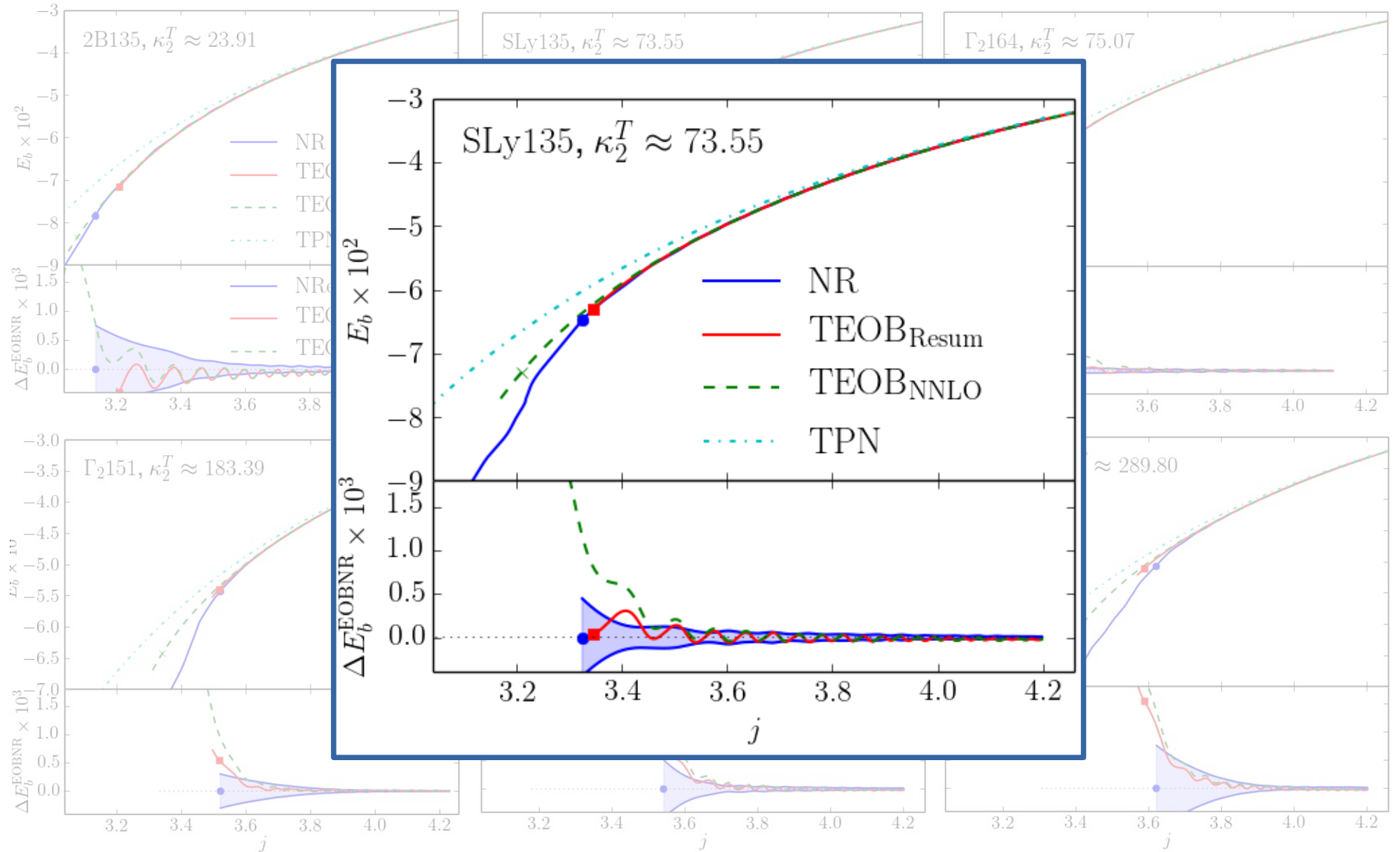


- Improve significantly the previous TEOB NNLO [SB+ arXiv:1205.3403]
- Predicts rather well NR waveforms

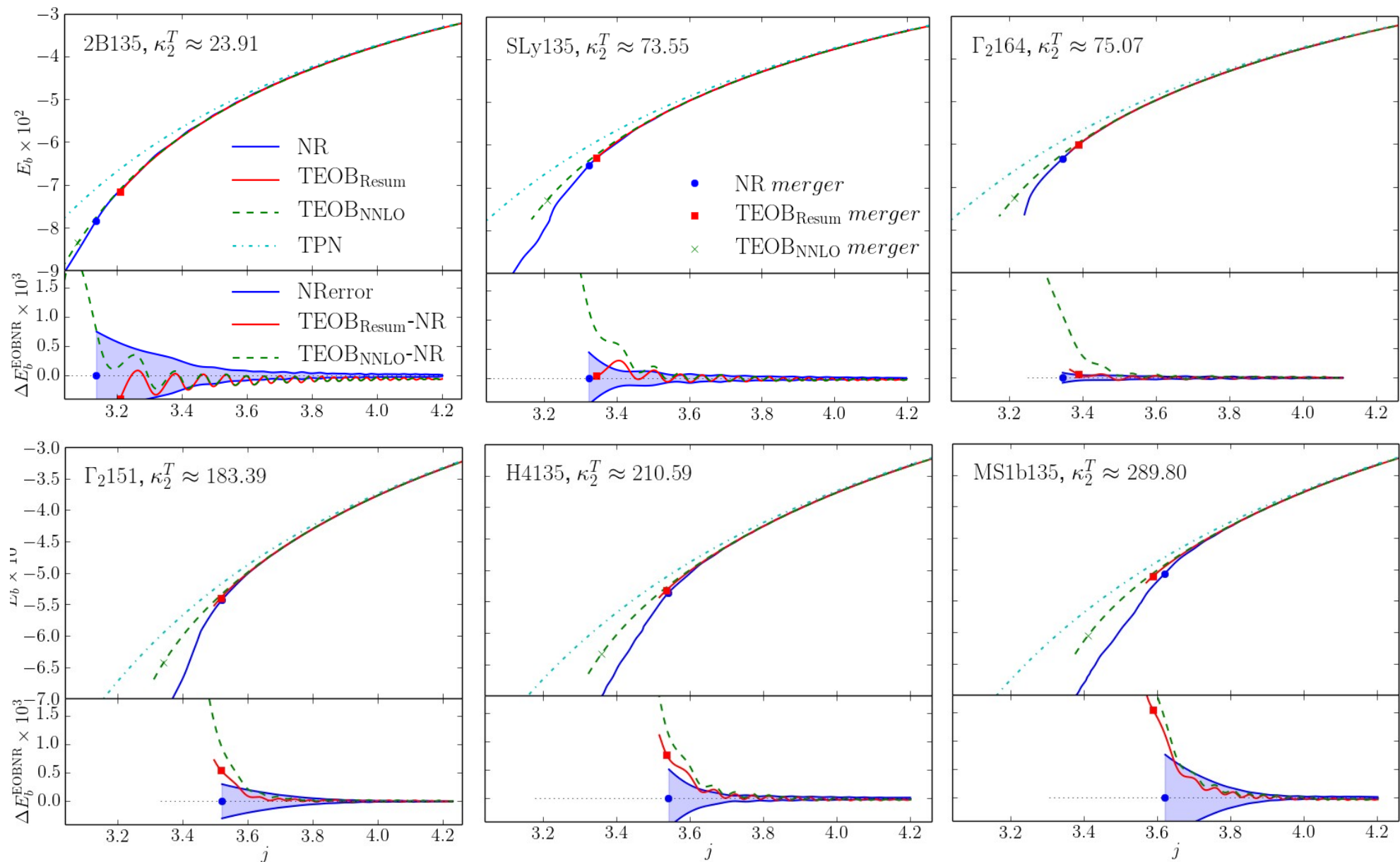
Publicly available EOB dev code  
<https://eob.ihes.fr>

ROM  $\rightarrow$  Lackey, Galley, SB  
In LAL  $\rightarrow$  Meidam, Van den Broeck

# TEOBResum: BNS dynamics



# TEOBResum: BNS dynamics

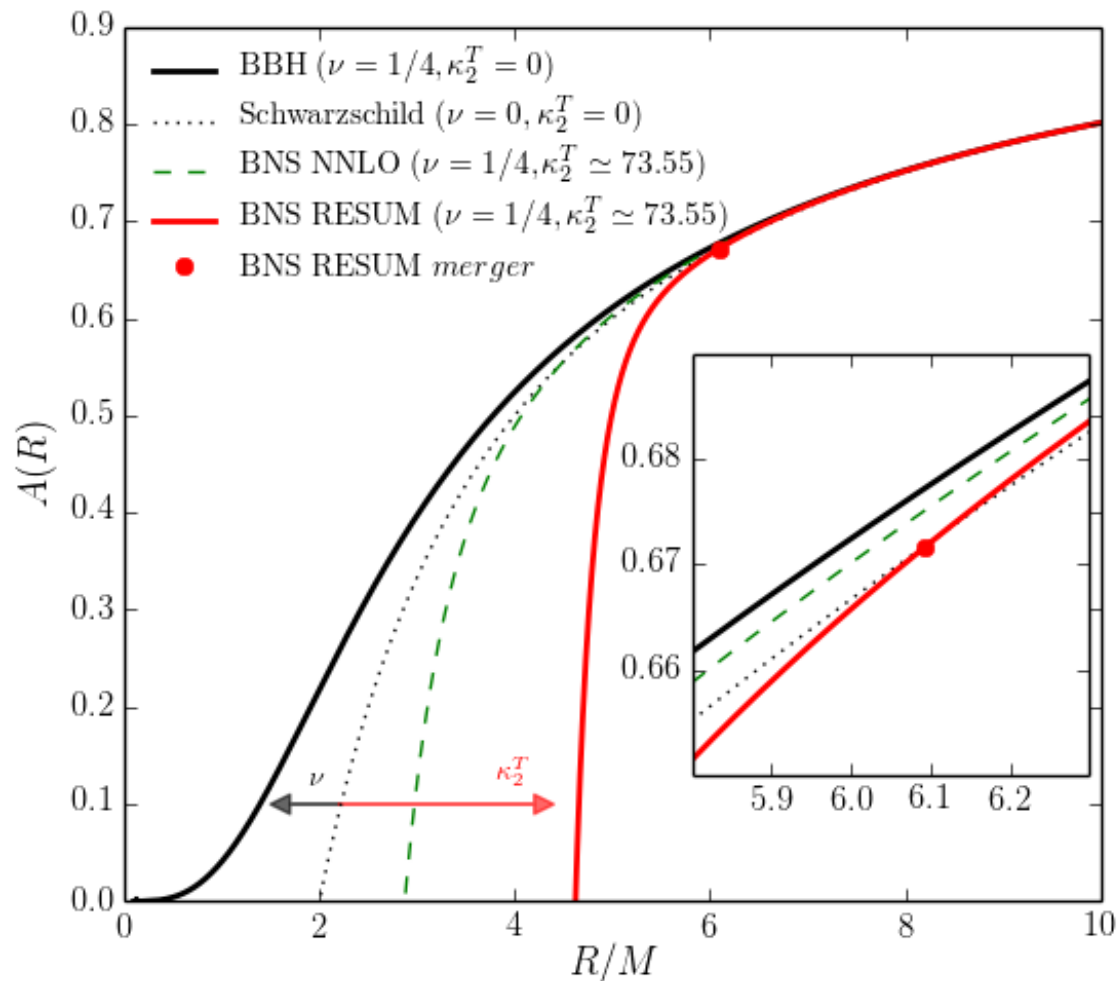


# TEOBResum: The GSF-Resummed $A(R)$ potential

$$H_{\text{EOB}} \approx Mc^2 + \frac{\mu}{2} (\mathbf{p}^2 + A(r) - 1)$$

$$A(r) = 1 - 2/r - \kappa_2^T(\lambda_2)/r^6$$

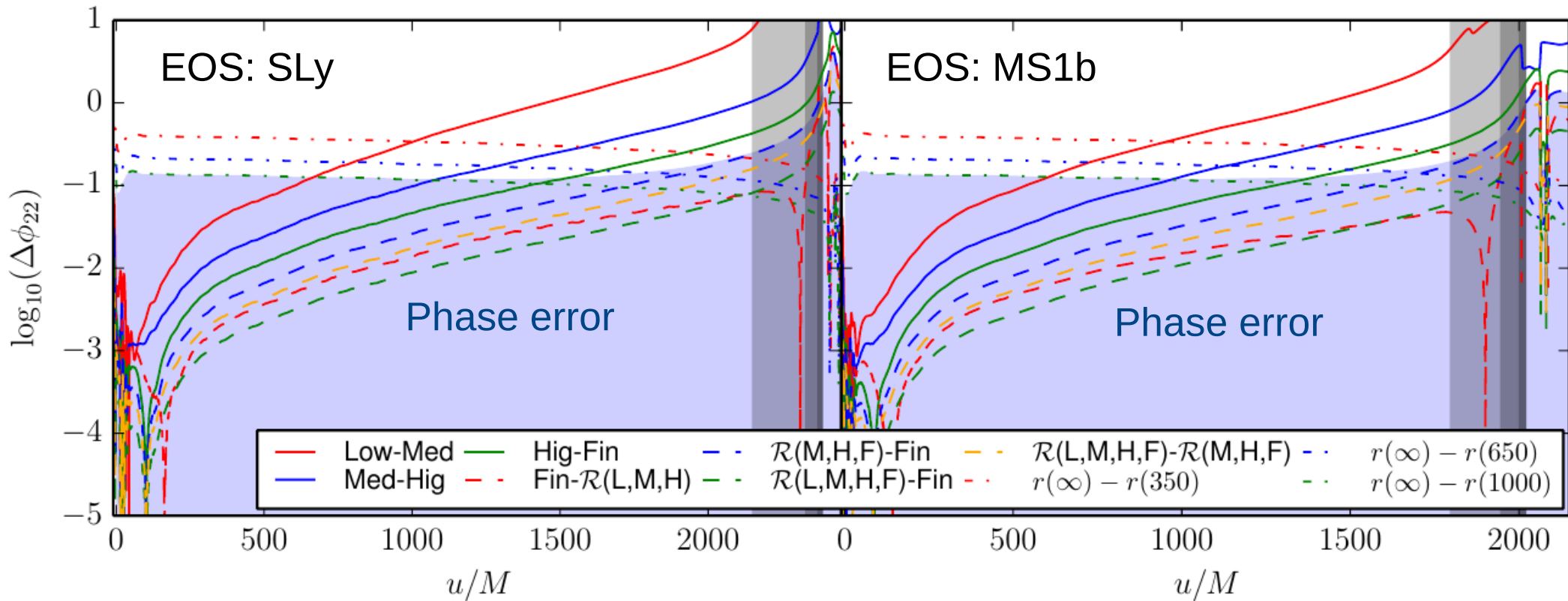
[Bini&Damour arXiv:1409.6933]





# Improved NR GW with high-order WENO schemes

[SB&Dietrich arxiv:1604.07999]



- Robust convergence assessment (although not 5th order)
- Large resolution span ( $64^3$ - $192^3$ ), no alignment
- Error budget: significant improvement wrt FV schemes

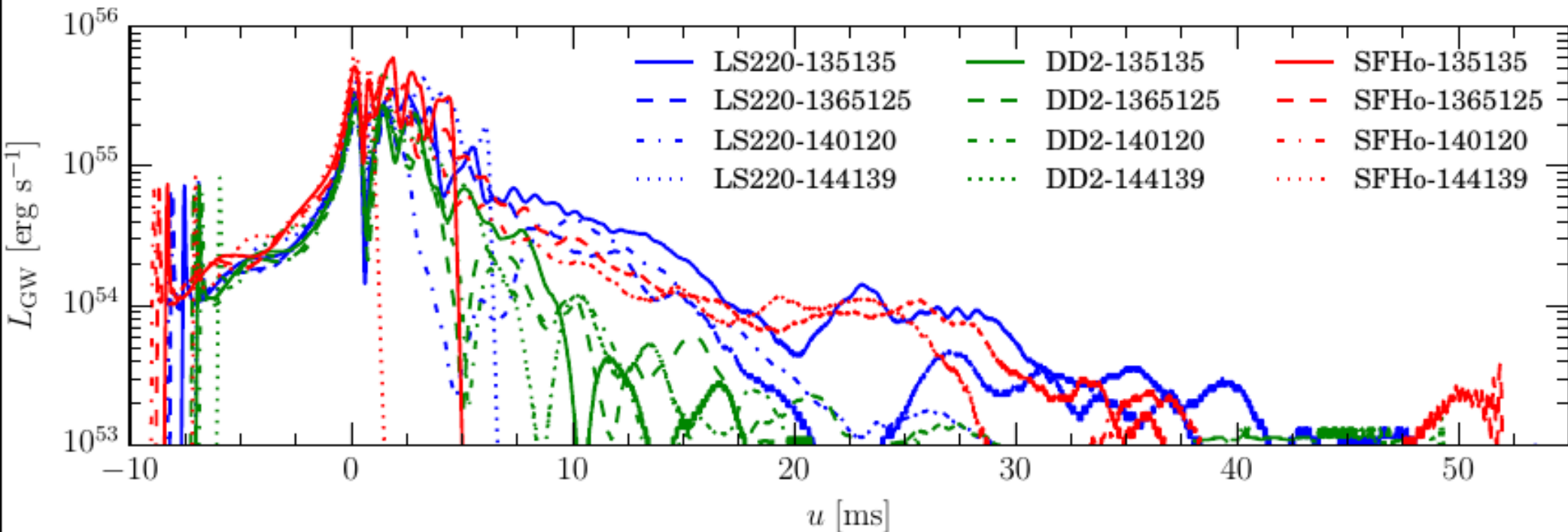
See also [Radice+ arxiv:1306.6052]

Subcell WENO-DG → Bruegmann talk

# Remnant HMNS is the loudest GW emitter

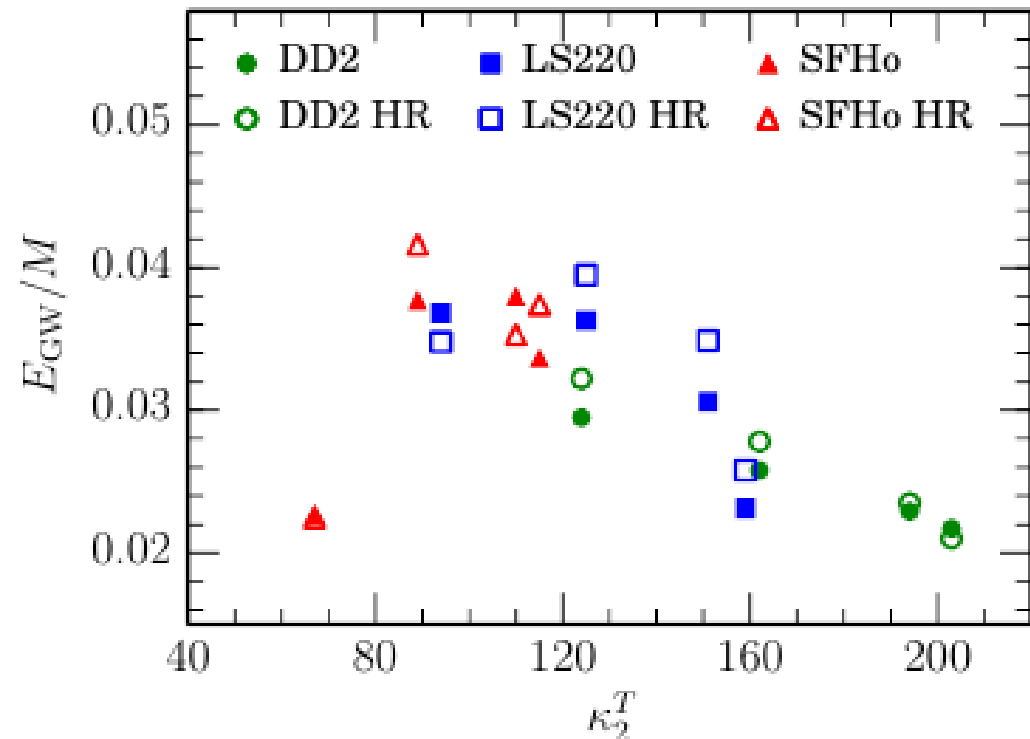
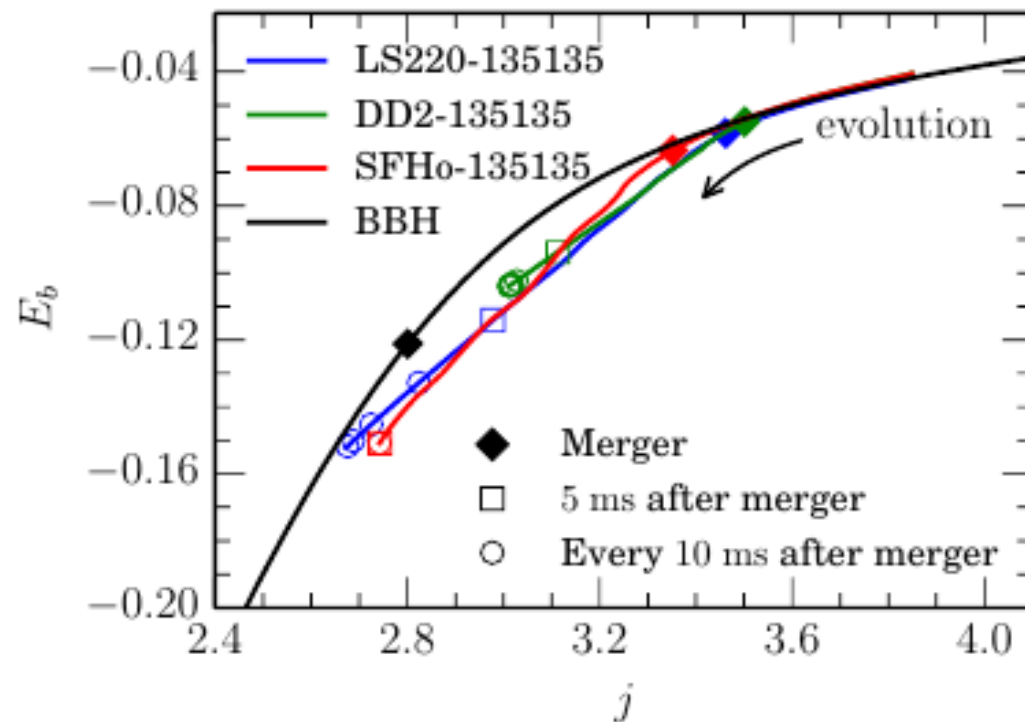
[SB+, Radice, Ott, Roberts, Moesta, Galeazzi arXiv:1512.06397]

- Large BNS sample; 3 EOS w/ microphysics, neutrinos (leakage)
- HMNS emission is fast: timescale  $\tau_{\text{GW}} \sim 10\text{-}20$  ms
- $\tau_{\text{GW}} \rightarrow 2\times$  the GW energy of the inspiral+merger
- Hydrodynamics (**m=2**); other physics is negligible

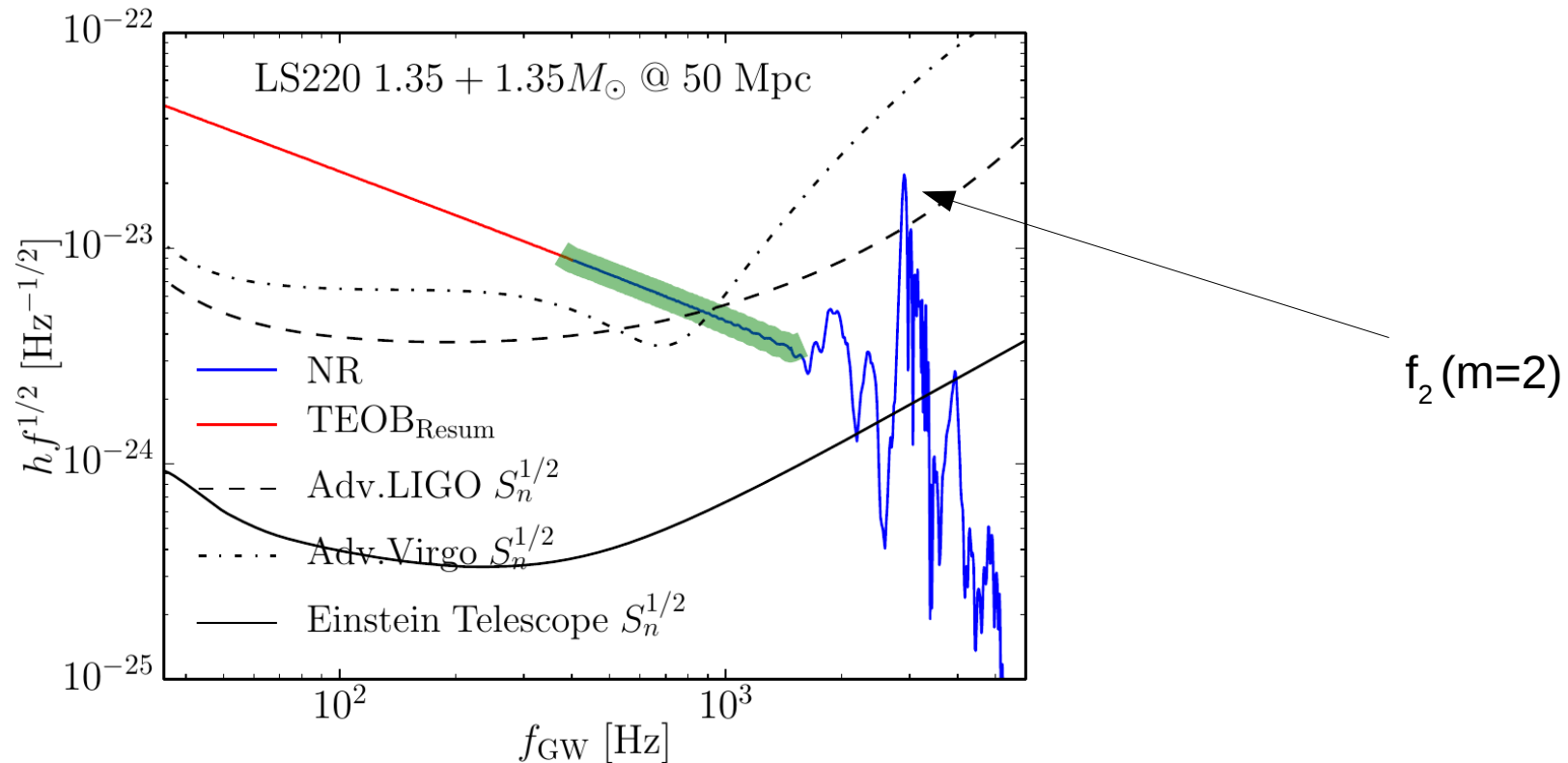


# Remnant HMNS is the loudest GW emitter

- Largest emission from BNS w/  $70 < \kappa_2^T < 150$
- $E_{\text{Rad}}/M > \sim$  BBH nonspinning inspiral-merger (no ringdown)
- High-frequencies observations challenging for aLIGO/Virgo



# Postmerger spectrum peak frequencies



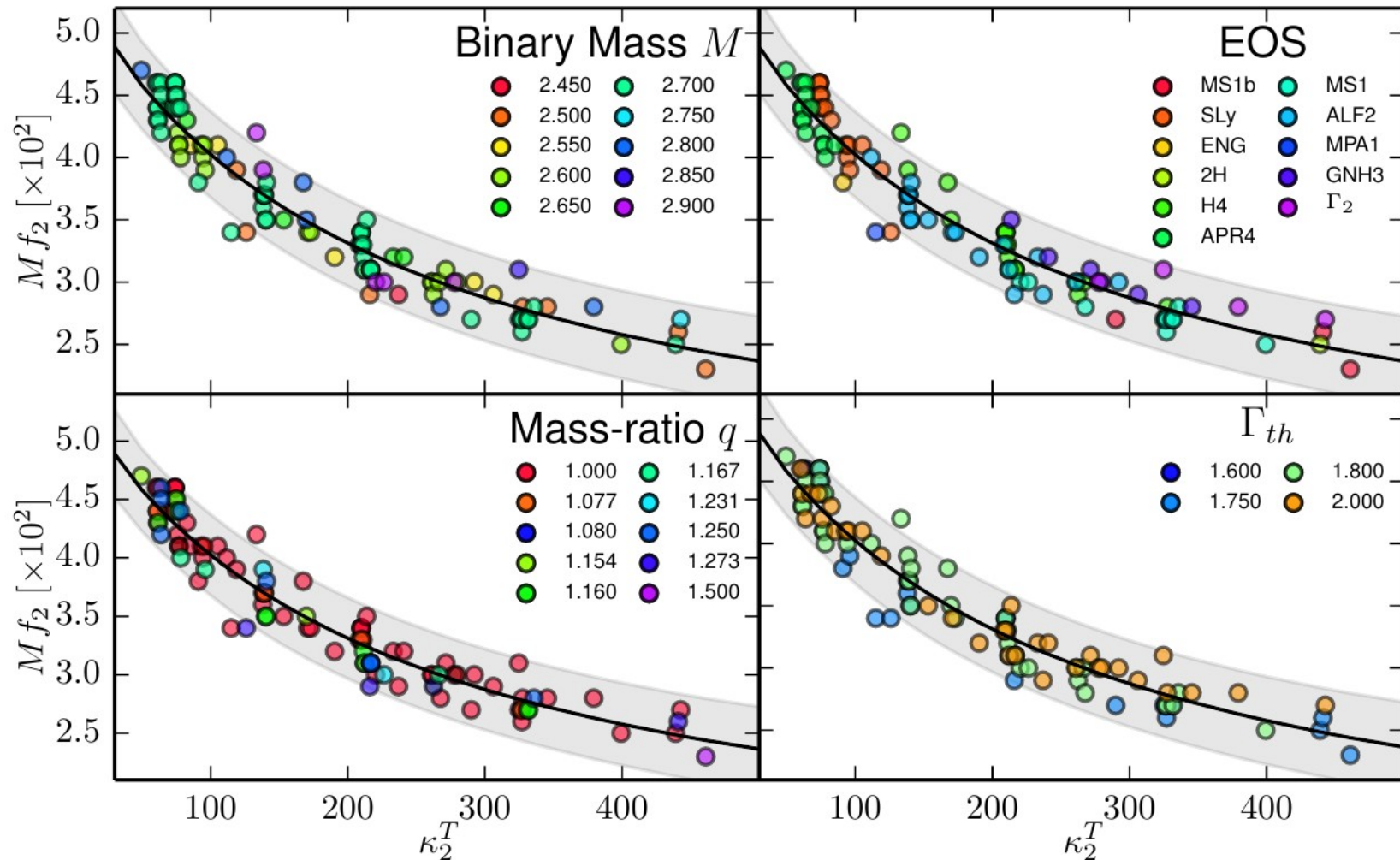
- Various models associating  $f_2$  to isolated equil. star properties
- Conceptually independent on inspiral-merger models
- Possibility to extract “EOS-related info” ( $R_x, M_{\text{max}}, \dots$ )

[..., Bauswein+ arXiv:1106.1616, Hotokezaka+ arXiv:1307.5888, Takami+ arXiv:1403.5672, Clark+ arXiv:1509.08522, ...]



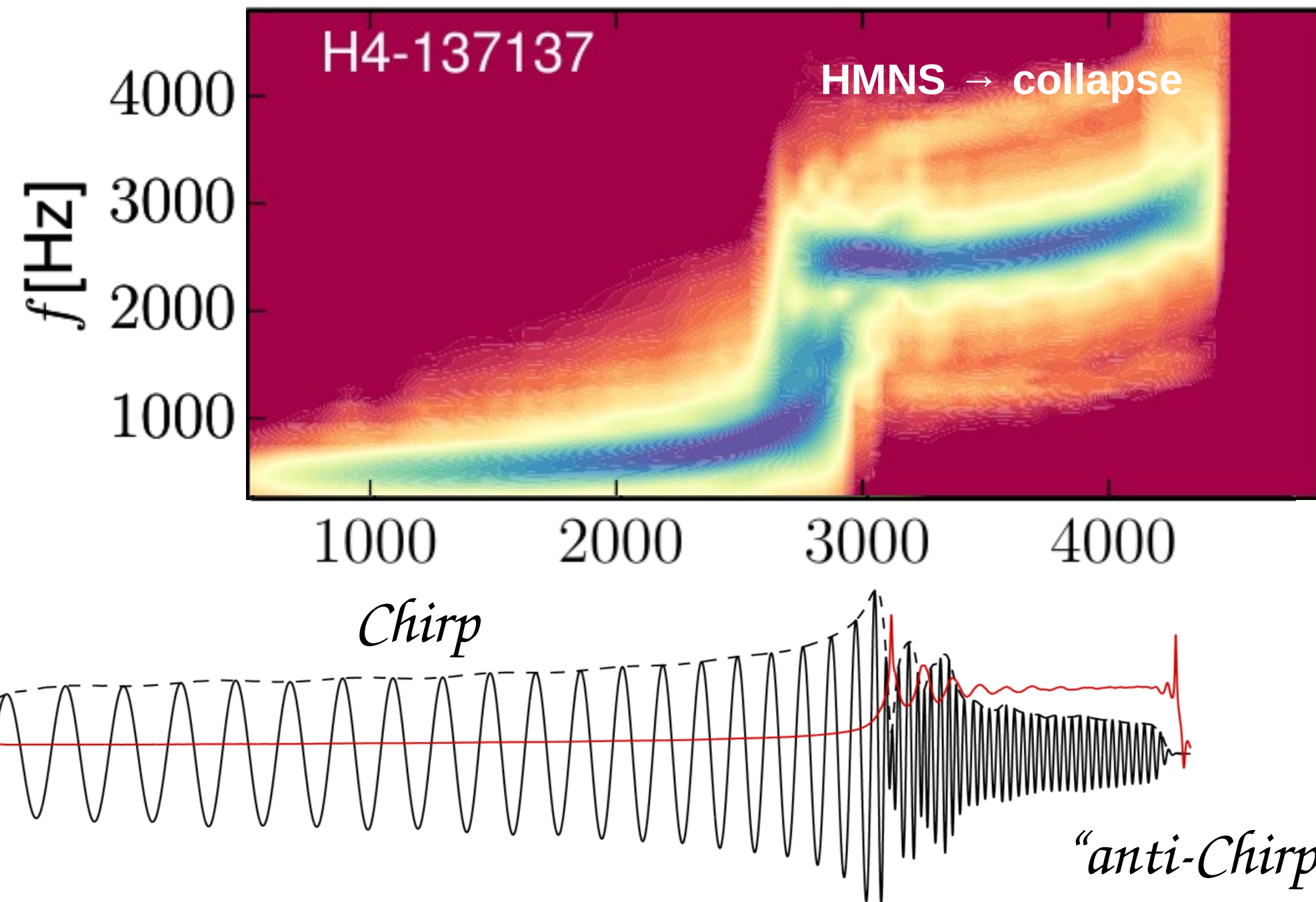
# Peak frequency correlates to $\kappa_2^T$

[SB, Dietrich, Nagar arXiv:1504.01764]



- Large NR dataset ( $\sim 100$ , 3 codes) [Hotokezaka+ arXiv:1307.5888, Takami+ arXiv:1403.5672]
- Conceptually “compatible” with inspiral-merger (cf. TEOB)
- DA applications ? (WIP)

Is it really a peak ?



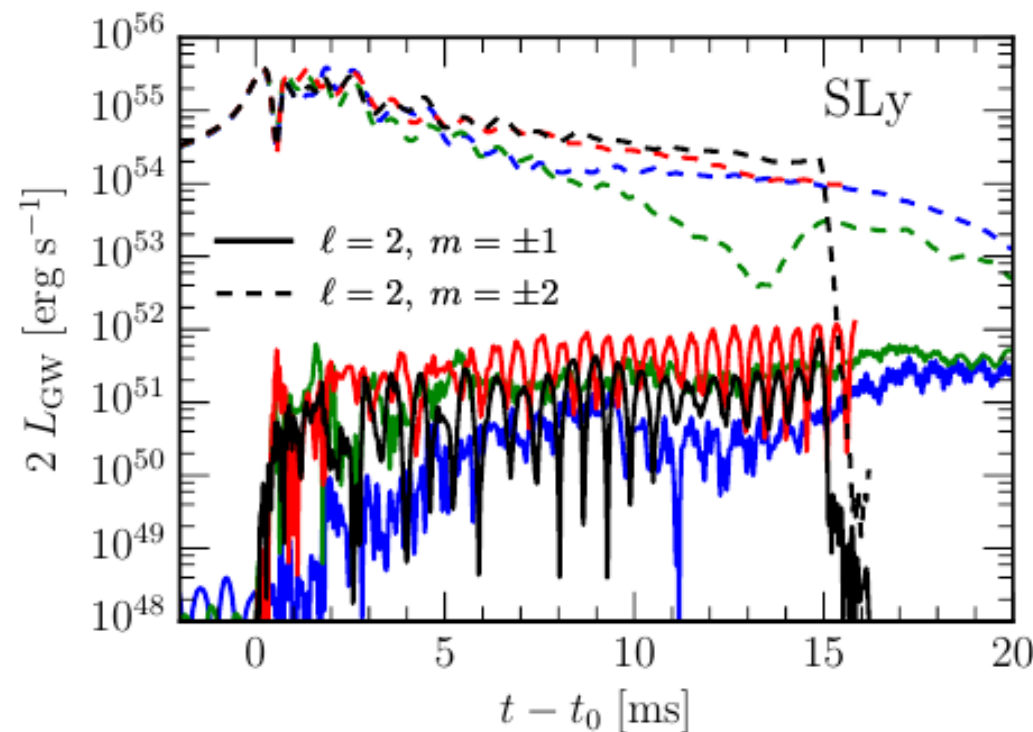
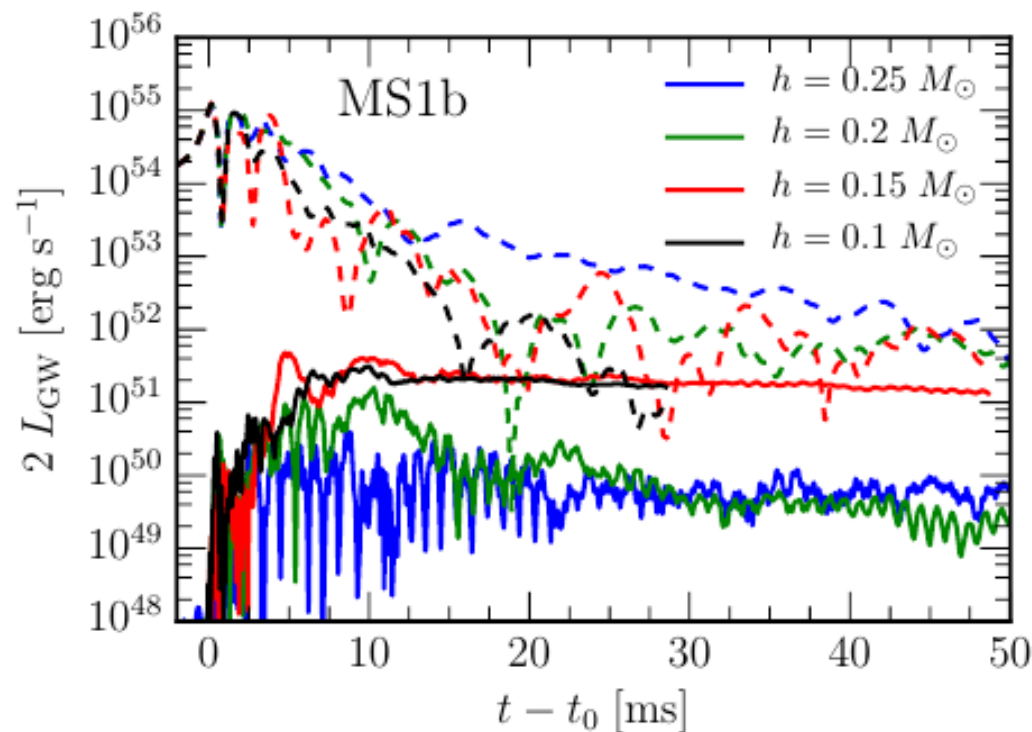
# Example of other emission channels: One-armed spiral instability

[Radice, SB, Ott, arXiv:1603.05726]

- **m=1** dynamical instability; long-term ( $>\sim 50$  ms)
- Generic, e.g. single stars, supernovae cores, eccentric mergers.

See e.g. [Paschalidis, East+ 2015 arXiv:1511.01093] [Lehner+ arXiv:1605.02369]

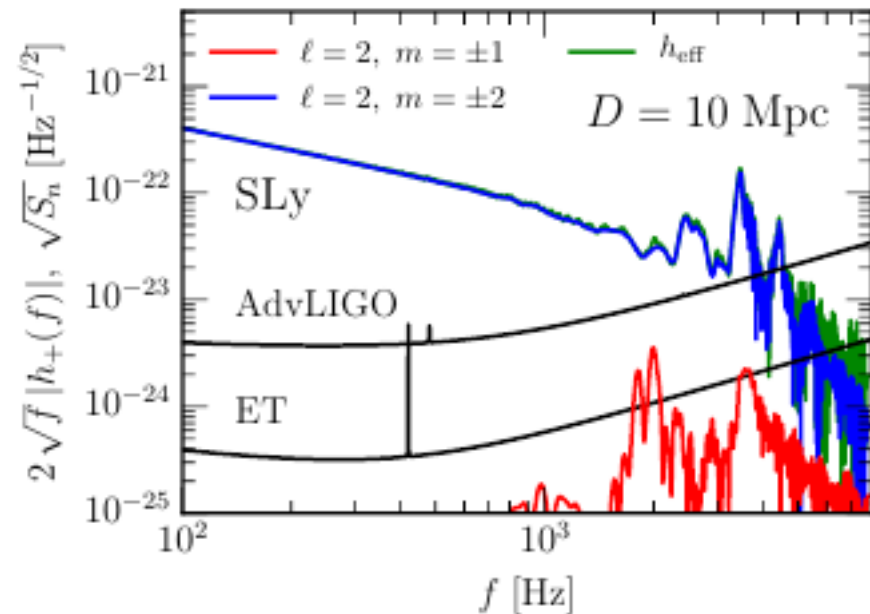
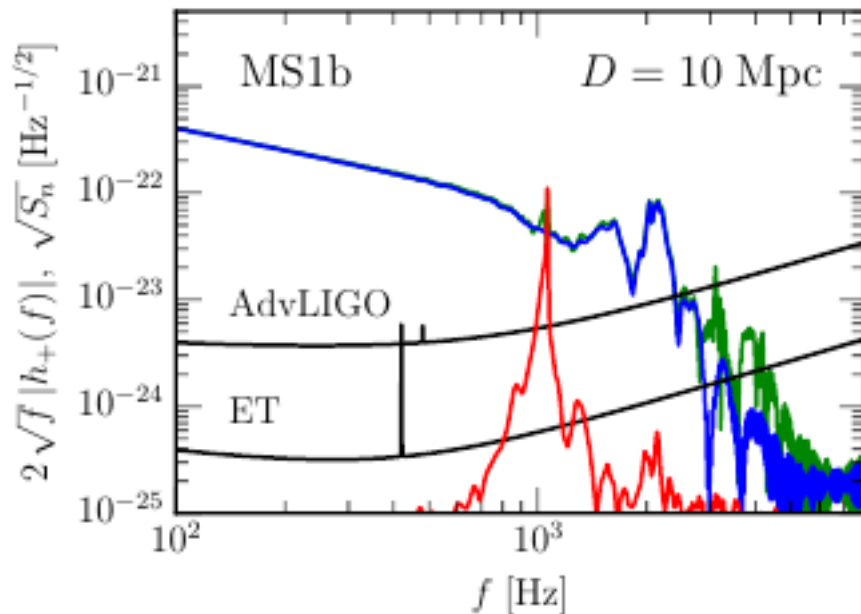
- Not an efficient GW emitter, although persistent



# One-armed spiral instability: detectability

[Radice, SB, Ott, arXiv:1603.05726]

- Hybrid complete waveform from 10 Hz: effective-one-body with tides (TEOBResum) + long-term high-resolution NR data
- Full SNR analysis, optimal source orientation



Detector	Binary	SNR	SNR <sub>2,1</sub>	SNR <sub>2,2</sub> <sup><math>f \geq 1</math> kHz</sup>
Adv. LIGO	MS1b-M135-Q1	169.4	1.6	5.4
Adv. LIGO	SLy-M135-Q1	169.5	0.1	6.9
ET	MS1b-M135-Q1	2460.5	14.4	47.4
ET	SLy-M135-Q1	2461.6	1.0	61.3



# Towards a complete GW spectrum model

- Combine numerical and analytical methods

EOB  $\rightarrow$  NR : identify key parameters, physical effects

EOB  $\leftarrow$  NR : inform about “nonlinear dynamics”

Efficient representation of the model (e.g. ROM)

- Improve simulation's precision
- Include rotational (spin) effect (coupling w/ tides)

BNS Spin (+ parameter space)  $\rightarrow$  Dietrich talk

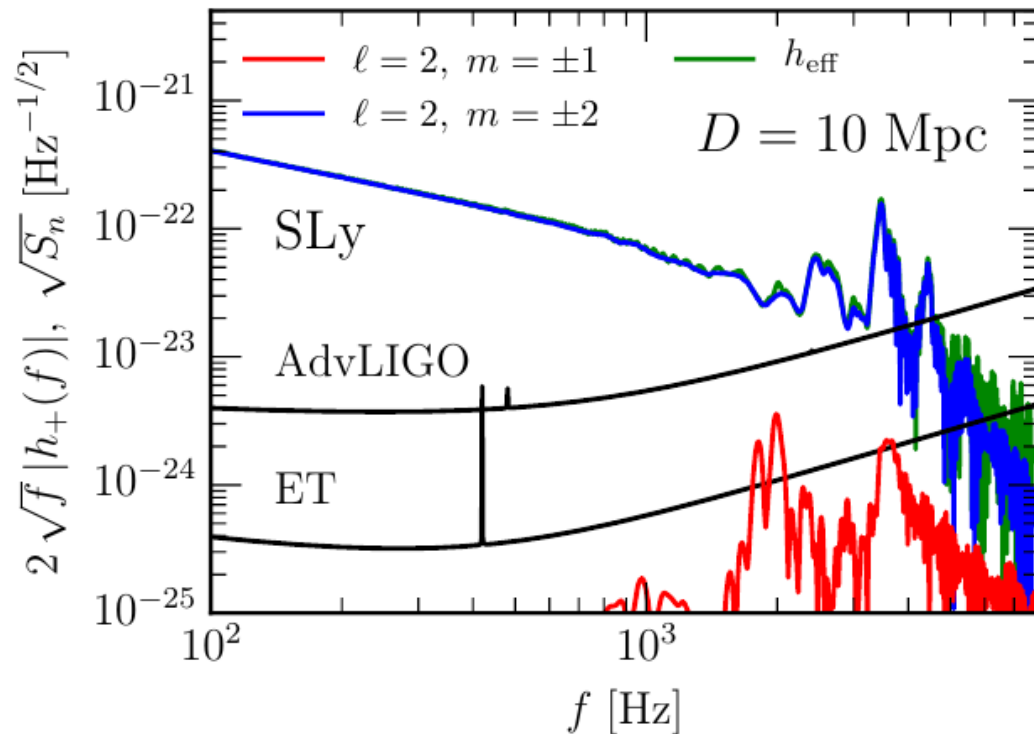
Publicly available EOB code

<https://eob.ihes.fr>

Publicly available hybrid TEOBResum + NR waveforms

<https://zenodo.org/record/46733#.VvCC7CaR4II>

zenodo



Community collection

## NR-GW OpenData

A collection of datasets from numerical relativity and gravitational waves modeling papers.

### Title:

NR-GW OpenData

### Curated by:

[bernuzzi](#)

### Curation policy:

New uploads in this community must contain publicly distributable material related to gravitational waves modeling and numerical relativity papers.

### Created:

2016-02-29

### Harvesting API:

[OAI-PMH Interface](#)

Publicly available hybrid TEOBResum + NR waveforms  
<https://zenodo.org/record/46733#.VvCC7CaR4I>